

Class: BSc. Hons. Botany (VI Semester)

Paper: BOB:604 (PLANT AND MICROBIAL TECHNIQUES)

Topic: Cryopreservation

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Cryopreservation

Cryopreservation is a process to preserve cells, tissue, organelles or any biological materials at very low temperature

Cryoprotectants agents (CPAs)

Two classes of CPAs

First: Chemicals agents that passively move through the plasma membrane to equilibrate between the extracellular solution and the cell interior (penetrating or permeating CPAs)

Examples: 1,2-propanediol; Glycerol and Dimethylsulphoxide (DMSO)

Second: They do not pass through the plasma membrane and remain in the extracellular solution (non-penetrating or non-permeating CPAs).

Examples: Polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP), Hydroxyethyl starch, Polyethylene glycol (PEG) and sugar

Process of cryopreservation

- Slow freezing process
- Vitrification process

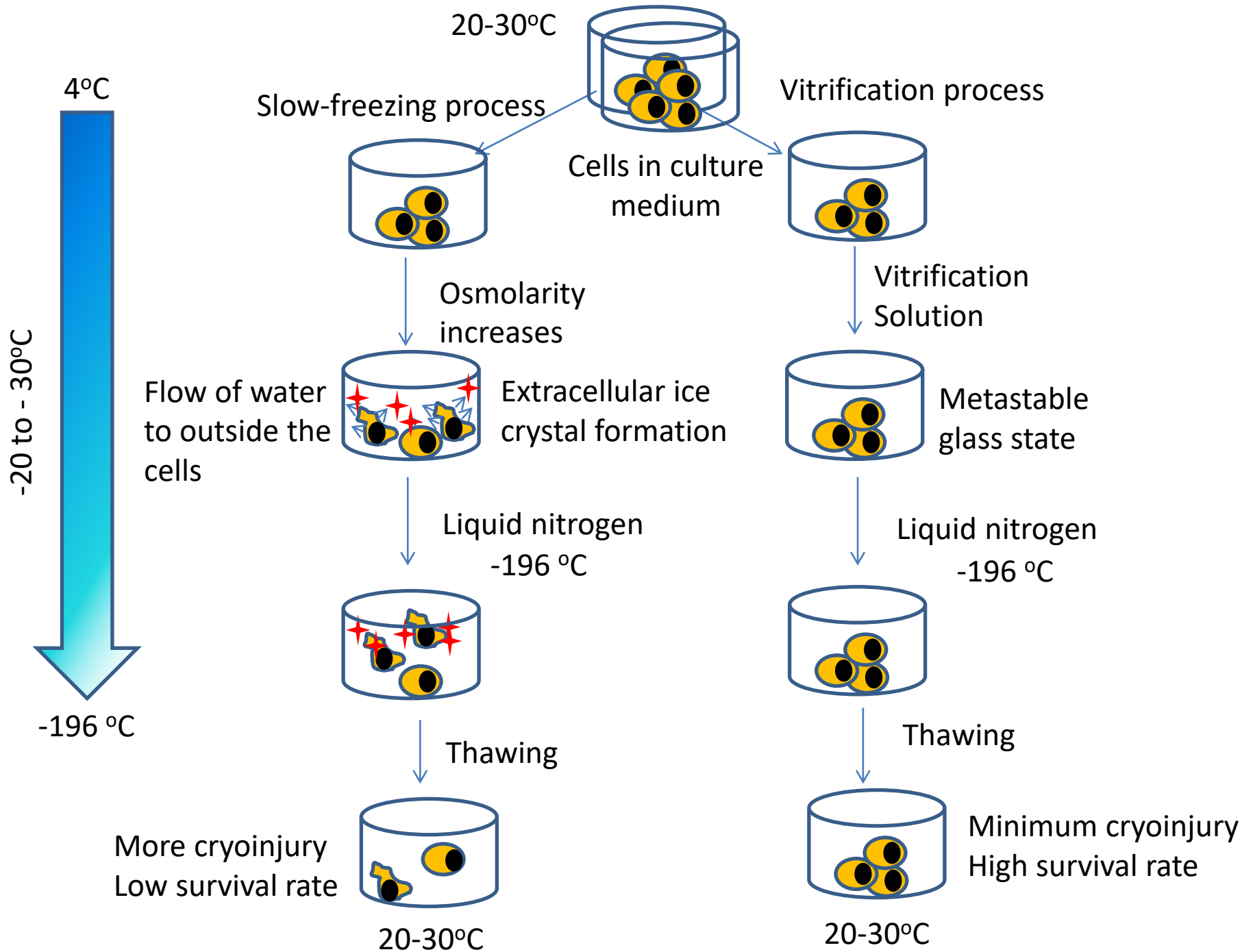
Slow freezing process

- Cooling rate should be 0.5 °C to -100 °C /min. keep it for 20-45 min before storage in liquid nitrogen.
- Slow cooling reduces the amount of intracellular water due to ice formed outside the cells.
- This approach particularly useful for cell suspensions.

Vitrification

- At very low temperature, cell suspensions containing cryoprotective agents are directly transformed from aqueous phase to metastable glass state without formation of ice crystals.
- The process requires cryogenic temperatures with high concentrations of CPAs (40–60%, w/v).

- Vitrification is dependent on three factors: (1) viscosity; (2) cooling rates; and (3) sample volume
- This approach particularly useful for cryopreservation of cell culture, protoplasm tissue and shoot tips.



Applications of cryopreservation

- (1) Cryopreservation of cells or organs
- (2) Biochemistry and molecular biology
- (3) Food sciences
- (4) Ecology and plant tissue culture
- (5) Cryosurgery

References

- Jang TH et al. (2017) Cryopreservation and its clinical applications. Integrative Medicine Research 6:12-18.
- Singh BD (2013) Biotechnology Expanding Horizons. pp. 321-325.